

The Need for Basic Skills Education in California

Assembly Committee on Jobs, Economic Development, and the Economy Hearing on the California Enterprise Zone Program

1107 9th Street, Suite 310 Sacramento, California 95814 (916) 444-0500 www.cbp.org cbp@cbp.org

A PRESENTATION BY VICKY LOVELL, SENIOR POLICY ANALYST October 19, 2009

Thousands of Californians Have Not Mastered Basic Literacy and Math Skills

Table 1: Measures of the Need for Basic Skills Education in California			
California High School Dropout Rate, 2007-08	31.7%		
California High School Exit Exam (CAHSEE) Passage Rate, 2007-08	90.2%		
Number of Californians Age 25 or Older Without a High School Degree, 2007	4,610,311		
Share of Californians Age 16 or Older Who Cannot Read an English-Language Newspaper, 2003	23.1%		
Share of Entering Students Who Lack College-Level Math and/or Literacy Skills			
Community Colleges*	83.8%		
California State University, Fall 2007	56.3%		

^{*} Data were collected in April through June 2009 from a small sample of community colleges, refer to math skills, and may include some individuals who were not new to community college.

Source: Cabrillo College, California Department of Education, California State University, National Center for Education Statistics, and US Census Bureau



Many Basic Skills Students Have Very Low Skills

Table 2: Entering Skill Level of WIA-Funded AEP Students, 2007-08			
		Number of Students at	Share of Students at This
Educational Functioning Level	General Grade or Skill Level	This Level	Level
Adult Basic Education		122,601	20.3%
Beginning	Grade level 0 to 3	31,057	5.2%
Intermediate	Grade level 4 to 8	91,544	15.2%
Adult Secondary Education		71,579	11.9%
Low	Grade level 9 to 10	47,442	7.9%
High	Grade level 11 to 12	24,137	4.0%
ESL		408,657	67.8%
Beginning	Ranges from no reading or speaking ability to the ability to speak in phrases and read some words	141,654	23.5%
Intermediate	Can read simple text on familiar topics and engage in simple conversations	200,782	33.3%
Advanced	Some conversational fluency; can read and write simple narratives	66,221	11.0%
Total		602,837	100.0%

Note: Grade-level equivalents for Entering Functional Levels are provided by the US Department of Labor's Employment and Training Administration and are used here to give a general sense of skill development for each Educational Functioning Level. CASAS, which analyzed the data on Educational Functioning Level that are presented here, discusses limitations of grade-level comparisons for Educational Functioning Levels in Why CASAS Scale Scores Are Better Than Grade Level Equivalents (n.d.), available from www.casas.org.

Source: CASAS and US Department of Labor

